CLAIMS

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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5 1. A process comprising:

- (a) extruding melted 3GT through a spinneret;
- (b) quenching the extruded 3GT to form a threadline of solid filaments wherein the filaments have a tension at 130°C greater than about 0.02 g/d;
- 10 (c) passing the filaments to a heated godet operated at a speed and temperature to heat the threadline wherein the speed and temperature to which the threadline is heated are sufficient to provide a yarn with a DWS value of about 4% or less; and
 - (d) cooling the yarn to a temperature of about 35°C or less.

2. The process of claim 1, wherein a finish is applied to the solid filaments after quenching.

- 3. The process of claim 1, wherein the cooling is accomplished 20 using a cool godet.
 - 4. The process of claim 3, wherein the speed of the cool godet provides a draw ratio between the heated godet and the cool godet of about 1.04 or less.
 - 5. The process of claim 3, wherein the threadline from the cool godet is wound on a package.
- 6. The process of claim 5, wherein the winding is such that the true yarn speed is less than the speed of the cool godet.

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- 7. The process of claim 3, wherein the threadline tension is increased before passing to the cool godet.
- 8. The process of claim 7, wherein the threadline tension is increased by at least about 0.005 g/d.
 - 9. The process of claim 8, wherein the threadline tension is increased by at least about 0.010 g/d.
- 10. The process of claim 9, wherein the threadline tension is increased by at least about 0.015 g/d.
 - 11. The process of claim 3, wherein the speed of the heated godet is at least about 3000 m/m.

12. The process of claim 11, wherein the temperature of the heated godet is about 90°C to about 165°C.

- 13. The process of claim 12, wherein the temperature of the heated 20 godet is about 115°C to about 160°C.
 - 14. The process of claim 13, wherein the temperature of the heated godet is about 125°C to about 155°C.
- 25 15. The process of claim 4, wherein the draw ratio between the heated godet and the cool godet is less than about 1.02.
 - 16. The process of claim 15, wherein the draw ratio is about 1.0 or less.
 - 17. The process of claim 5, wherein the filaments are wound on a package at a tension greater than about 0.04 g/d.

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- 18. The process of claim 17, wherein the filaments are wound at a tension greater than about 0.05 g/d.
- 19. The process of claim 17, wherein the filaments are wound at atension less than about 0.12 g/d.
 - 20. The process of claim 19, wherein the filaments are wound at a tension less than about 0.10 g/d.
- 10 21. The process of claim 17, wherein the filaments are wound at a tension less than about 0.08 g/d.
 - 22. The process of claim 20, wherein the filaments are wound at a tension less than about 0.08 g/d.

23. Melt spun poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarn, having a DWS of about 4% or less.

- 24. The yarn of claim 23, wherein the DWS is about 2% or less.
- 25. The yarn of claim 23, having an elongation less than or equal to about 105%.
- 26. The yarn of claim 23, having a tenacity equal to or greater than about 2.5 g/d.
 - 27. The yarn of claim 23, having a modulus of less than or equal to about 23 g/d.
- 30 28. The yarn of claim 23, having an Uster of less than or equal to about 2%.

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- 29. The yarn of claim 23, having a boil off shrinkage of less than or equal to about 14%.
- 30. The yarn of claim 29, wherein the boil off shrinkage is less than about 10%.
 - 31. The yarn of claim 23, having a Tension at 130°C of equal to or greater than about 0.02 g/d.
- 10 32. The yarn of claim 23, having a first thermal tension peak temperature of about 60 90°C.
 - 33. The yarn of claim 32, having a first thermal tension peak temperature of about 65 90°C.

34. The yarn of claim 23, having a first peak tension of about 0.03 – 0.15 g/d.

- 35. The yarn of claim 34, having a first peak tension of about 0.03 20 0.10 g/d.
 - 36. The yarn of claim 23, having a shrinkage onset temperature of about 45°C to 70°C.
- 25 37. The yarn of claim 36, having a shrinkage onset temperature of about 50°C to 70°C.
 - 38. A wound package of melt spun poly(trimethylene terephthalate) of Claim 23, having a thickness of yarn layer of at least about 50 mm and a package weight of at least about 6 kg.

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- 39. The package of claim 38, having a thickness of yarn layer of at least about 63 mm and a package weight of at least about 8 kg.
- 40. The package of claim 39, having a thickness of yarn layer of at least about 74 mm and a package weight of at least about 10 kg.
 - 41. The package of claim 40, having a thickness of yarn layer of at least about 84 mm and a package weight of at least about 12 kg.
 - 42. The package of claim 41, having a thickness of yarn layer of at least about 94 mm and a package weight of at least about 14 kg.
 - 43. A package made from the yarn of claim 23, having a thickness of yarn layers of at least about 16 mm, weighing at least about 1.5 kg and having a package diameter of at least about 142 mm, which upon exposure to temperatures of at least 41°C for at least 3.2 hours, has a dish ratio of about 0.82% or less.
- 44. A package made from the yarn of claim 23, having a thickness

 of yarn layers of about 20 30 mm, weighing about 2 3 kg and having a
 package diameter of about 151 169 mm, which upon exposure to
 temperatures of at least 41°C for at least 3.2 hours, has a difference between
 package end and mid diameters of about 2mm or less.
- 25 45. The package of claim 44, which upon exposure to temperatures of 41°C for at least 3.2 hours has a dish ratio of about 0.44% or less, or the difference between package end and mid diameters of about 1.1 mm or less.
- 46. The package of claim 44, which upon exposure to temperatures of 41°C for at least 3.2 hours has a bulge ratio of about 5% or less.

- 47. The package of claim 38, having a bulge ratio of less than about 9%.
- 48. The package of claim 47, having a bulge ratio of less than about 5 7%.
 - 49. The package of claim 48, having a bulge ratio of less than about 6%.
- 10 50. The package of claim 38, having a dish ratio about 2% or less.
 - 51. The package of Claim 5 having a dish ratio of about 1% or less.
- 52. The package of claim 38, wound about a tube, which is substantially free of crush.
 - 53. A method comprising:

- (a) measuring the unstretched length of a yarn as L_1 ; heating the yarn for a time and under a temperature sufficient for the yarn to attain at least 85% of its equilibrium shrinkage,
 - (b) cooling the heated yarn;
- $\mbox{(c)} \qquad \mbox{measuring the unstretched length of the cooled yarn as} \\ \mbox{L_2; and} \\ \mbox{} \qquad \mbox{}$
- (d) calculating the dry warm shrinkage (DWS) of the yarnusing

$$DWS = \underbrace{L_1 - L_2}_{L_1} \quad X \quad 100$$

30 54. The method of claim 53, wherein the heating temperature is about 30 to 90°C.

- 55. The method of claim 54, wherein the heating temperature is about 38 52°C.
- 56. The method of claim 55, wherein the heating temperature is about 42 48°C.
 - 57. The method of claim 53, wherein the heating time is determined by the heating temperature according to the following relationship:

 $Heating_Time \ge 1.561 \times 10^{10} \times e^{-0.4482[Heating_Temperature]}$

- where the heating time is in minutes and the heating temperature is in degrees Celsius.
 - 58. The method of claim 57, wherein the heating time is determined by the heating temperature according to the following relationship:

15 $Heating_Time \ge 1.993 \times 10^{12} \times e^{-0.5330[Heating_Temperature]}$ where the heating time is in minutes and the heating temperature is in degrees Celsius.

- 59. The method of claim 53, wherein the yarn is cooled for at least 20 about 15 minutes.
 - 60. The method of claim 53, wherein the yarn is heated for a time and at a temperature sufficient to attain at least 95% of its equilibrium shrinkage.